



Management's Discussion and Analysis of

NERVGEN PHARMA CORP.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

Effective Date: November 13, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion is management's assessment and analysis of the results of operations and financial conditions of NervGen Pharma Corp. (the "Company" or "NervGen") and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes thereto for the period ended September 30, 2024.

All financial information in this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") has been prepared in accordance with IFRS accounting standards and all dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A includes certain statements that are "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation (collectively, the "forward-looking statements"). Forward-looking statements include statements that may relate to our plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, future revenue or performance, capital expenditures, financing and other information that is not historical information. These statements appear in a number of different places in this MD&A and can often be identified by words such as "anticipates", "estimates", "projects", "expects", "intends", "believes", "plans", "will", "could", "may", or their negatives or other comparable words. Such forward-looking statements are necessarily based on estimates and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements in this MD&A, include, but are not limited to, statements relating to:

- requirements for, and the ability to obtain, future funding on favourable terms or at all;
- business strategy;
- expected future loss and accumulated deficit levels;
- projected financial position and estimated cash burn rate;
- expectations about the timing of achieving milestones and the cost of our development programs;
- estimates of the size and characteristics of the potential markets for our product candidates;
- observations and expectations regarding the effectiveness of our drug candidates, NVG-291 and NVG-300, and the potential benefits to patients;
- the impact of pandemics or any escalation thereof on our operations;
- plans to use NVG-291 and other potential drug candidates in our clinical development programs;
- plans to develop additional proprietary compounds that address nervous system repair;
- plans to use third party technology for biomarker and other analysis for our drug candidates;
- expectations and intended benefits of agreements entered into with third parties;
- expectations about our clinical trials design and the timing with respect to commencement and completion of clinical trials;
- expectations about the timing and future plans with respect to preclinical studies;
- expectations relating to the removal of the partial clinical trial hold initiated by the United States Food and Drug Administration ("FDA");
- expected results of toxicology studies with respect to NVG-291 and other potential drug candidates;
- expectations about our product candidates' safety and efficacy;
- our ability to identify and secure sources of non-dilutive funding for the development of our product candidates and technologies;
- expectations regarding our ability to arrange for the manufacturing of our product candidates and technologies;
- expectations regarding the cost, progress and successful and timely completion of the various stages of the regulatory approval process;
- expectations about the potential benefits of Fast Track designation for NVG-291 in the treatment of spinal cord injury ("SCI");
- ability to secure strategic partnerships with larger pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies;
- strategy to acquire and develop new product candidates and technologies and to enhance the safety and efficacy of existing product candidates and technologies;
- plans to market, sell and distribute our products and technologies, if approved;
- expectations regarding the acceptance of our products and technologies by the market, if approved;
- expectations regarding the use of our products and technologies in treating diseases and medical disorders;
- ability to retain and access appropriate staff, management, and expert advisers;
- expectations with respect to existing and future contractual obligations, corporate alliances, grant funding arrangements and licensing transactions with third parties, and the receipt and timing of any payments to be made by the Company or to the Company in respect of such arrangements;

- our strategy and ability with respect to the protection of our intellectual property;
- our ability to operate and raise additional capital to fund our long-term operations and research and development plans;
- our ability to increase the number of potential investors in the Company; and
- the Company's business objectives and milestones and the anticipated timing of execution.

Such statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties and are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by us, are inherently subject to significant medical, scientific, business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties and contingencies. Many factors could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In making the forward-looking statements included in this MD&A, we have made various material assumptions, including but not limited to:

- our ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms;
- additional sources of funding, including grants and funding from partners;
- our ability to attract and retain skilled staff;
- favourable general business and economic conditions;
- pandemics not having a material impact on our operations;
- our future research and development plans proceeding substantially as currently envisioned;
- our ability to obtain positive results from our research and development activities, including clinical trials;
- future expenditures to be incurred by us;
- research and development and operating costs;
- our ability to find partners in the pharmaceutical industry;
- the products and technology offered by our competitors;
- the impact of competition on our operations;
- our ability to identify additional product candidates;
- our ability to obtain regulatory and other approvals to commence additional clinical trials involving current and future product candidates;
- our ability to successfully out-license or sell our future products, if any, and in-license and develop new products;
- our ability to protect patents and proprietary rights; and
- expected research and development tax credits.

In evaluating forward-looking statements, current and prospective shareholders should specifically consider the risk factors and uncertainties set forth under the heading "Risks Factors" in our most recently filed Annual Information Form (the "AIF") and our Preliminary Base Shelf Prospectus dated November 4, 2024 available under our profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Certain risks and uncertainties that could cause such actual events or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and information to differ materially from any future events or results expressed or implied by such statements and information include, but are not limited to, the risks and uncertainties related to the fact that:

- we have a limited operating history, are early in our development efforts, and have no products approved for commercial sale, which may make it difficult for you to evaluate our current business and predict our future success and viability;
- since our inception, we have incurred significant net losses and expect to continue to incur significant net losses for the foreseeable future and we may never achieve or maintain profitability;
- we will require substantial additional capital to finance our operations. If we are unable to raise such capital when needed, or on acceptable terms, we may be forced to delay, reduce and/or eliminate one or more of our research and development programs or future commercialization efforts;
- raising additional capital may cause dilution to our shareholders, restrict our operations or require us to relinquish rights to our technologies or product candidates;
- our ability to utilize our net operating loss carryforwards and certain other tax attributes to offset future taxable income may be limited;
- we are substantially dependent on the success of our lead product candidate, NVG-291, which is currently in a Phase 1b/2a clinical trial for spinal cord injury. If we are unable to complete development of, obtain approval for and commercialize NVG-291 for SCI in a timely manner, our business will be harmed;
- there are currently no FDA-approved products for the treatment of SCI;
- the regulatory approval processes of the FDA, EMA, Health Canada and other comparable foreign regulatory authorities are lengthy, time consuming and inherently unpredictable. If we are ultimately unable to obtain

regulatory approval for our product candidates, we will be unable to commercialize our product candidates and generate product revenue and our business will be substantially harmed;

- preclinical studies and clinical trials are expensive, time-consuming, difficult to design and implement and involve an uncertain outcome. Further, we may encounter substantial delays in completing the development of our product candidates;
- our current or future product candidates may cause significant adverse events, toxicities or other undesirable side effects when used alone or in combination with other approved products or investigational new drugs that may result in a safety profile that could delay or prevent regulatory approval, prevent market acceptance, limit their commercial potential or result in significant negative consequences. NVG-291 for SCI is currently subject to a partial clinical hold by the FDA, and we may be unable to have the hold removed which could adversely affect development of NVG-291 and our results of operations;
- the outcome of preclinical testing and early clinical trials may not be predictive of the success of later clinical trials, and the results of our clinical trials may not satisfy the requirements of the FDA, EMA, Health Canada or other comparable foreign regulatory authorities;
- interim, initial, top-line, and preliminary data from our clinical trials that we announce or publish from time to time may change as more patient data become available and are subject to audit and verification procedures that could result in material changes in the final data;
- if we fail to develop and commercialize NVG-291 for additional indications or fail to discover, develop and commercialize other product candidates, we may be unable to grow our business and our ability to achieve our strategic objectives would be impaired;
- we may expend our limited resources to pursue a particular product or indication and fail to capitalize on products or indications that may be more profitable or for which there is a greater likelihood of success;
- changes in methods of product candidate manufacturing or formulation may result in additional costs or delay;
- if we are unable to successfully develop companion diagnostics or biomarkers that may be required for our therapeutic product candidates, or experience significant delays in doing so, we may not achieve marketing approval or realize the full commercial potential of our therapeutic product candidates;
- if we experience delays or difficulties in the enrollment and/or maintenance of patients in clinical trials, our clinical development activities could be delayed or otherwise adversely affected;
- as an organization, we have never conducted later-stage clinical trials or submitted a new drug application, and may be unable to do so for any of our product candidates;
- we face significant competition, and if our competitors develop and market technologies or products more rapidly than we do or that are more effective, safer, or less expensive than the product candidates we develop, our commercial opportunities will be negatively impacted;
- Fast Track, Breakthrough Therapy designation by the FDA may not actually lead to a faster development or regulatory review or approval process, and does not assure FDA approval of our product candidates;
- we may seek orphan drug designation for the product candidates we develop, and we may be unsuccessful or may be unable to maintain the benefits associated with orphan drug designation, including the potential for market exclusivity;
- even if approved, our product candidates may not achieve adequate market acceptance among physicians, patients, healthcare payors and others in the medical community necessary for commercial success;
- if the market opportunity for any product candidate that we develop is smaller than we believe, our revenue may be adversely affected and our business may suffer;
- if we are unable to establish sales, marketing and distribution capabilities or enter into agreements with third parties to sell or market our product candidates, we may not be successful in commercializing our product candidates that obtain regulatory approval;
- our use of third parties to manufacture our product candidates may increase the risk that we will not have sufficient quantities of our product candidates, products, or necessary quantities of such materials on time or at an acceptable cost;
- we rely on third parties to assist in conducting our clinical trials. If they do not perform satisfactorily, we may not be able to obtain regulatory approval or commercialize our product candidates, or such approval or commercialization may be delayed, and our business could be substantially harmed;
- we may seek to establish collaborations and, if we are not able to establish them on commercially reasonable terms, we may have to alter our development and commercialization plans;
- if we enter into collaborations with third parties for the development and commercialization of our product candidates, our prospects with respect to those product candidates will depend in significant part on the success of those collaborations;
- we may be subject to claims that we or our employees, independent contractors, or consultants have wrongfully used or disclosed alleged confidential information or trade secrets;

- even if our product candidates receive regulatory approval, they will be subject to significant post marketing regulatory requirements and oversight;
- obtaining and maintaining regulatory approval of our product candidates in one jurisdiction does not mean that we will be successful in obtaining regulatory approval of our product candidates in other jurisdictions;
- any product candidates we develop may become subject to unfavorable third-party coverage and reimbursement practices, as well as pricing regulations;
- we may face difficulties from changes to current regulations and future legislation. Healthcare legislative measures aimed at reducing healthcare costs may have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations;
- our relationships with healthcare professionals, clinical investigators, CROs and third party payors in connection with our current and future business activities may be subject to federal and state healthcare fraud and abuse laws, false claims laws, transparency laws, government price reporting, and health information privacy and security laws, which could expose us to, among other things, criminal sanctions, civil penalties, contractual damages, exclusion from governmental healthcare programs, reputational harm, administrative burdens and diminished profits and future earnings;
- failure to comply with laws, rules, regulations, policies, industry standards and contractual obligations relating to privacy, data protection and data security could adversely affect our business;
- if we fail to comply with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, we could become subject to fines or penalties or incur costs that could have a material adverse effect on our business;
- disruptions at the FDA and other government agencies caused by funding shortages or global health concerns could hinder their ability to hire and retain key leadership and other personnel, or otherwise prevent new or modified products from being developed, approved or commercialized in a timely manner or at all, or otherwise prevent those agencies from performing normal business functions on which the operation of our business may rely, which could negatively impact our business;
- we are subject to certain U.S. and non-U.S. anti-corruption, anti-money laundering, export control, sanctions, and other trade laws and regulations. We can face serious consequences for violations;
- if we fail to comply with our obligations in the agreements under which we license intellectual property rights from third parties or otherwise experience disruptions to our business relationships with our future licensors, we could lose license rights that are important to our business;
- our success depends on our ability to protect our intellectual property and our proprietary technologies;
- if the scope of any patent protection we obtain is not sufficiently broad, or if we lose any of our patent protection, our ability to prevent our competitors from commercializing similar or identical product candidates would be adversely affected;
- intellectual property rights do not necessarily address all potential threats to our competitive advantage;
- patent terms may be inadequate to protect our competitive position on our products for an adequate amount of time;
- others may challenge inventorship or claim an ownership interest in our intellectual property which could expose it to litigation and have a significant adverse effect on its prospects;
- if we are sued for infringing intellectual property rights of third parties, such litigation could be costly and time consuming and could prevent or delay us from developing or commercializing our product candidates;
- we may be involved in lawsuits to protect or enforce our patents or our future licensors' patents, which could be expensive, time consuming, and unsuccessful. Further, our issued patents or our future licensors' patents could be found invalid or unenforceable if challenged in court or before administrative bodies in the United States or abroad;
- we may not identify relevant third-party patents or may incorrectly interpret the relevance, scope or expiration of a third-party patent, which might adversely affect our ability to develop and market our products and product candidates;
- changes in U.S. patent law, or laws in other countries, or their interpretation could diminish the value of patents in general, thereby impairing our ability to protect our product candidates;
- we may not be able to protect or enforce our intellectual property rights throughout the world;
- if our trademarks and trade names are not adequately protected, then we may not be able to build name recognition in our markets of interest and our business may be adversely affected;
- if we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets, the value of our technology could be materially adversely affected, harming our business and competitive position;
- our rights to develop and commercialize our technology and product candidates may be subject, in part, to the terms and conditions of any future licenses granted to us by others;
- the patent protection and patent prosecution for some of our product candidates may be dependent on third parties;

- we depend heavily on our executive officers, principal consultants and others, and the loss of their services would materially harm our business;
- we only have a limited number of employees to manage and operate our business;
- our future growth may depend, in part, on our ability to operate internationally, where we would be subject to additional regulatory burdens and other risks and uncertainties;
- we expect to expand our organization, and as a result, we may encounter difficulties in managing our growth, which could disrupt our operations;
- the market price of our common shares (the “Common Shares”) may be volatile, and you could lose all or part of your investment;
- sales of a substantial number of shares of our Common Shares in the public market could cause our share price to fall;
- we do not intend to pay dividends on our Common Shares in the foreseeable future, so any returns will be limited to the value of our Common Shares;
- if securities or industry analysts either do not publish research about us or publish inaccurate or unfavorable research about us, our business or our market, or if they adversely change their recommendations regarding our Common Shares, the trading price or trading volume of our Common Shares could decline;
- we have broad discretion in the use of the net proceeds from any offering and may not use them effectively;
- investing in our securities is speculative, and investors could lose their entire investment;
- our constating documents permit us to issue an unlimited number of Common Shares without additional shareholder approval which could result in dilution;
- the exercise of stock options and warrants could cause dilution;
- we are likely a “passive foreign investment company,” which may have adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences for U.S. shareholders;
- it may be difficult for non-Canadian investors to obtain and enforce judgments against us because of our Canadian incorporation and presence;
- our business entails a significant risk of product liability and if we are unable to obtain sufficient insurance coverage such inability could have an adverse effect on our business and financial condition;
- cyber-attacks or other failures in our telecommunications or information technology systems, or those of our collaborators, contract research organizations, third-party logistics providers, distributors or other contractors or consultants, could result in information theft, data corruption and significant disruption of our business operations; and
- we may be subject to securities litigation, which is expensive and could divert management attention.

If one or more of these risks or uncertainties or a risk that is not currently known to us materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may vary significantly from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements represent our views as of the date of this MD&A. While we may elect to update these forward-looking statements in the future, we have no current intention to do so except as to the extent required by applicable securities law. Investors are cautioned that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are inherently uncertain. Accordingly, investors are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. We advise you that these cautionary remarks expressly qualify in their entirety all forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

NervGen is a publicly traded company incorporated on January 19, 2017. The Company's corporate office is 112-970 Burrard Street, Unit 1290, Vancouver, BC, V6Z 2R4, Canada.

NervGen is a clinical stage biotech company dedicated to developing innovative treatments to promote nervous system repair in settings of neurotrauma and neurologic disease. The company is testing the clinical efficacy of its lead molecule, NVG-291, in a Phase 1b/2a clinical trial in spinal cord injury and has initiated preclinical evaluation of a new development candidate, NVG-300, in models of ischemic stroke, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis ("ALS") and SCI. We hold the exclusive worldwide rights to NVG-291, a first-in-class therapeutic peptide targeting nervous system repair. NVG-291's technology is licensed from Case Western Reserve University ("CWRU") and is based on academic studies demonstrating the preclinical efficacy of NVG-291-R, the rodent prototype of NVG-291, in animal models of spinal cord injury. Effects of NVG-291-R reported in multiple independent academic studies include the promotion of neuroplasticity, remyelination, anti-inflammatory polarization of microglia, and functional improvement in preclinical models of spinal cord injury, stroke, and peripheral nervous system injury.

In September 2023, we initiated dosing in our double blind, placebo-controlled proof-of-concept Phase 1b/2a clinical trial (NCT05965700) that will evaluate the safety and efficacy of NVG-291 in two separate cohorts of individuals with cervical SCI: chronic (1-10 years post-injury) and subacute (those who are closer to their time of injury), given demonstrated efficacy in preclinical models of both chronic and acute SCI. The trial is designed to evaluate efficacy of a fixed dose of NVG-291 using multiple clinical outcome measures as well as objective electrophysiological and MRI imaging measures and blood biomarkers that together will provide comprehensive information about the extent of recovery of function, with a focus on improvements in motor function. Specifically, the primary objective is to assess the change in corticospinal connectivity of defined upper and lower extremity muscle groups following treatment based on changes in motor evoked potential amplitudes. Secondary objectives are to evaluate changes in a number of clinical outcome assessments focusing on motor function, upper extremity dexterity and grasping and mobility, as well as changes in additional electrophysiological measurements. The cohorts will be comprised of 20 subjects each and will be evaluated independently as the data becomes available. The trial is being partially funded by a grant from Wings for Life, which is being provided in several milestone-based payments and will offset a portion of the direct costs of this clinical trial.

In October 2023, NVG-291 received Fast Track designation from the FDA for NVG-291 in individuals with SCI. FDA's Fast Track program is designed to facilitate the development of drugs intended to treat serious conditions and fill unmet medical needs as part of the FDA's goal to get important new drugs to patients earlier. Fast Track also provides potential eligibility for both Priority Review, which can shorten the New Drug Application ("NDA") review process, and potential for Accelerated Approval, which can allow for an earlier or faster approval based on a surrogate or intermediate clinical endpoint.

In 2023, we completed dosing in a Phase 1 placebo-controlled clinical trial of NVG-291 in Australia that enrolled 70 healthy adult male and female participants. The single ascending dose ("SAD") portion of the study evaluated 37 female subjects across 6 dose cohorts, while the multiple ascending dose ("MAD") portion of the study, evaluated 33 male and female subjects across 4 dose levels. NVG-291 was well tolerated overall in the Phase 1 clinical study. A maximally tolerated dose was not reached, all adverse events were mild or moderate, and there were no serious adverse events reported in subjects receiving NVG-291. Injection site related adverse events were the only type of adverse event increased in subjects receiving NVG-291 compared to placebo. There was no effect of NVG-291 on vital signs, electrocardiograms, laboratory studies or other clinical parameters measured in the healthy participants in this study.

The planned timing of clinical trials for other indications is being evaluated by management. We believe SCI represents a significant commercial opportunity due to the dramatic impact on quality of life and the high-cost burden to the healthcare system, as well as the current absence of pharmacologic therapies in the market that promote neurorepair.

In Q3 2024, we initiated preclinical test of concept evaluation of our next pipeline candidate, NVG-300, in models of ischemic stroke, ALS, and spinal cord injury. In addition, we have initiated studies to further elucidate the mechanism of NVG-291 therapeutic action. We believe these indications represent significant commercial opportunities: ALS, stroke, AD and MS due to the limited pharmacologic therapies in the market that promote neurorepair in these diseases.

These objectives replace and supersede those described in the "Business of the Company" section of our Preliminary Short Form Base Shelf Prospectus dated November 4, 2024. All clinical development plans are subject to additional funding (see "*Liquidity and Capital Resources*" below).

ACHIEVEMENTS & HIGHLIGHTS

The following are the achievements and highlights for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, through to the date hereof:

- On February 15, 2024, we provided an update on the timing for enrollment and delivery of the data readout of the chronic cohort in the Company's Phase 1b/2a proof-of-concept, double blind, randomized placebo-controlled clinical trial for our proprietary investigational lead compound, NVG-291, in individuals with SCI. Additionally, we announced that we are developing plans to initiate a new study in which subjects completing the current trial who received placebo, would have the option to receive NVG-291 under a separate open-label protocol. We plan to initiate this open-label study, provided that an efficacy signal is observed in the chronic cohort, contingent upon protocol approval by the FDA as well as the study's Institutional Review Board.
- On February 21, 2024, we announced that we had been recognized by the TSX Venture Exchange ranking as a 2023 Top 50 Company. The 2024 TSX Venture 50™ showcases the strongest performances on the TSX Venture Exchange over the last year. Comprising the top 10 companies from each of five industry sectors, the ranking recognizes the strongest performance on the Exchange based on market capitalization, share price appreciation, and trading volume.
- On March 28, 2024, we announced the closing of the previously announced public offering, including the full exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option for aggregate gross proceeds to the Company of \$23,011,788 (the "March 2024 Offering"). The March 2024 Offering was made pursuant to an underwriting agreement entered into with a syndicate of underwriters led by Stifel Canada and including Canaccord Genuity Corp. and PI Financial Corp. Pursuant to the March 2024 Offering, the underwriters purchased, on a "bought deal" basis, and the Company issued 9,792,250 units at a price of \$2.35 per unit including the full exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option. Each unit was comprised of one Common Share and one-half of one Common Share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable to acquire one Common Share for a period of 36 months following the closing of the March 2024 Offering at an exercise price of \$3.00 per warrant share. In connection with the March 2024 Offering, we issued an aggregate of 170,127 broker warrants to the underwriters. Each broker warrant is exercisable to acquire one Common Share at the exercise price of \$2.35 per Common Share for a period of 24 months from the closing date of the March 2024 Offering. The Company also paid a cash commission of \$1,090,152 to the underwriters and incurred approximately \$540,000 in other share issue costs related to legal and listing fees.
- On May 20 and 21, 2024, Dr. Dan Mikol, presented two posters at the American Spinal Injury Association (ASIA) 51st Annual Scientific Meeting. Dr. Mikol presented preclinical and clinical data supporting an association between improvements in motor evoked potentials (MEPs) and functional/clinical motor recovery after SCI, proposing that MEPs might be used as an efficacy biomarker in SCI proof-of-concept trials. He also provided an update on the baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of initial subjects randomized in the ongoing Phase 1b/2a clinical trial, which evaluates MEPs and other electrophysiological measures in target muscle groups as biomarkers of efficacy in addition to clinical assessments to monitor motor recovery.
- We held our Annual General meeting on June 4, 2024. All resolutions submitted for approval were passed by shareholders including the election of directors, appointment of auditors and certain amendments to our existing stock option plan including an increase in the number of shares reserved for issuance. Bill Radvak, our former Executive Chairman did not stand for reelection. Subsequent to the meeting, Glenn Ives was appointed as the new Chair of the Board and John Ruffolo as Audit Committee Chair.
- On June 25, 2024, we announced our plans to initiate a preclinical test of concept evaluation of our next pipeline candidate, NVG-300, in models of ischemic stroke, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and spinal cord injury. Pending successful preclinical validation and formulation development, NVG-300 may be developed under the Biologics License Application regulatory framework providing 12 years of market exclusivity post-approval. NVG-300's composition of matter intellectual property protection is expected to extend beyond 2040. The discovery of NVG-300 is the result of a research effort initiated in 2022. NVG-300's product and process development have progressed to successfully establish manufacturability and feasibility of high concentration liquid formulation to enable self-administration of the product in a prefilled syringe format.

- On July 22, 2024, we announced the appointment of Mr. Neil Klompas to the company's Board of Directors. Mr. Klompas is an experienced life sciences and healthcare sector executive and board member. He is currently the President and Chief Executive Officer, and a member of the Board of Directors, of Augurex Life Sciences Corp. Prior to Augurex, he served as President and Chief Operating Officer and prior to that Chief Financial Officer of Zymeworks Inc. During his time with the company, he oversaw finance and operations executing the company's initial public offering on the NYSE and TSX. Prior to Zymeworks, Mr. Klompas worked with KPMG LLP as part of the Pharmaceutical, Biotech & Medical Devices M&A Transaction Services practice in Princeton, NJ, and with KPMG LLP in the life sciences assurance practice based in Vancouver. Mr. Klompas serves on the Board of HTuO Biosciences, and has served as Board Chair for Ovensa Inc., and as the Chair of the Audit Committee and Special Committee of Liminal Biosciences Inc. until its acquisition in 2023. . He holds his BSc in Microbiology & Immunology from the University of British Columbia and is a Chartered Professional Accountant.
- On September 23, 2024, Dr. Dan Mikol presented at the 63rd International Spinal Cord Society (ISCoS) Annual Scientific Meeting in Antwerp, Belgium. Dr. Mikol presented "*Clinical Trial Update: Phase 1b/2a Study of NVG-291 in Individuals with Subacute or Chronic SCI*". During this clinical trial update, Dr. Mikol reviewed the trial design, the rationale for evaluating not just clinical outcome measures but also electrophysiological measures as biomarkers of efficacy and provided an update on the baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of subjects randomized.
- On September 28, 2024, Dr. Mikol, gave an oral presentation at the Unite 2 Fight Paralysis (U2FP) 19th Annual Science & Advocacy Symposium in Atlanta, Georgia. Dr. Mikol presented "*Clinical Trials in Spinal Cord Injury ... Lost in Translation?*".
- On September 30, 2024, we announced that target enrollment in the chronic cohort of our Phase 1b/2a clinical trial of NVG-291 in individuals with SCI is approaching completion.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Research and development expenses	4,364,393	837,574	11,136,421	5,378,325
General and administrative expenses	2,792,104	2,578,276	6,989,934	7,523,771
Net loss	(5,225,887)	(4,302,549)	(15,397,244)	(13,773,703)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.23)	(0.23)

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
	\$	\$	\$
Total assets	22,458,510	13,236,021	16,359,729
Total liabilities	13,280,363	15,245,126	11,252,538

As of the date of this MD&A, we have not earned revenue other than income from interest earned on our cash and cash equivalents.

The increase in net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to the same period in the prior year is primarily due to an increase in research and development expenses related to ongoing activities in our Phase 1b/2a clinical trial that was initiated in September 2023. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, clinical trial and salary costs increased as we continue to advance our Phase 1b/2a clinical trial towards completion of patient enrollment for the chronic cohort. This was partially offset by the non-cash fair value movement of the warrant derivative costs related to U.S. dollar denominated warrants that were issued as part of our July 2022 non-brokered private placement. The increase in our total liabilities as compared to the same period in the prior year, is primarily attributable to the fair value increase of the non-cash warrant derivative. The increase in our total assets is primarily attributable to the closing of the public offering, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$23,011,788 in March 2024.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Research and Development (“R&D”) Expenses

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Amortization of intangible asset	13,949	11,608	41,846	32,482
Preclinical development	835,422	636,025	1,116,226	1,358,923
Chemistry, manufacturing and controls	473,710	316,564	1,171,405	858,872
Licensing and patent legal fees	116,326	22,201	411,945	211,232
Clinical and regulatory	1,463,748	(1,113,326)	4,299,525	(51,856)
Salaries and benefits	1,013,899	673,186	2,759,698	2,153,456
Stock-based compensation	286,820	217,633	870,647	621,578
Other research and development	160,519	73,683	465,129	193,638
	4,364,393	837,574	11,136,421	5,378,325

R&D expenses increased by \$3,526,819 in the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023, and of \$5,758,096 in the nine months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The changes relate primarily to the following factors:

- Preclinical studies and other research and development increased by \$286,233 in the three months period related to strategic research and development planning for potential additional programs to our pipeline, as well as an increase of \$28,794 for the nine months period due to non-recurring activities conducted in the previous period that were undertaken to enable us to expand our Phase 1 clinical studies to males and premenopausal females.
- Chemistry, manufacturing, and control (“CMC”) increased by \$157,146 and \$312,533 for the three month and nine months period respectively, primarily due to CMC activities related to clinical supplies for our ongoing Phase 1b/2a clinical trial and ongoing activities required to optimize our drug product manufacturing processes.
- Clinical and regulatory costs increased by \$2,577,074 and \$4,351,381 for the three and nine months period respectively, primarily attributable to the ongoing Phase 1b/2a clinical trial as we continue to advance towards completion of patient enrollment for the chronic cohort. Further, in the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2023, we received grant funding pertaining to the Phase 1b/2a trial in excess of costs incurred in the period.
- Employee salaries, bonuses and benefits increased by \$340,713 and \$606,242 for the three and nine months period respectively, relating to employee salaries, bonuses and benefits, attributable to additional staff hired to support our program management, planning and research initiatives.
- Non-cash stock-based compensation increased by \$69,187 and \$249,069 for the three and nine months period respectively, pertaining to options granted and the timing of the related vesting.
- Licensing and patent legal fees increased \$94,125 and \$200,713 respectively, for patent related costs due to the timing of patent maintenance and filing costs for new patents for NVG-300.

General and Administrative (“G&A”) Expenses

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Depreciation expense	703	25,018	26,140	73,898
Legal, professional and finance	423,664	85,221	683,273	484,606
Investor and Public Relations	352,597	283,725	969,403	1,116,814
Salaries and benefits	533,019	488,391	1,604,575	1,248,221
Stock-based compensation	1,333,233	1,535,108	3,253,043	4,031,025
Other general and administrative	148,888	160,813	453,500	569,207
	2,792,104	2,578,276	6,989,934	7,523,771

G&A expenses increased by \$213,828 in the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023, and decreased by \$533,837 in the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the nine months September 30, 2023. The changes relate primarily to the following factors:

- Non-cash depreciation expense decreased by \$24,315 and \$47,758 for the three and nine months period respectively, related to the disposition of network equipment and office fixtures.
- Legal, professional, and financial services expenses increased by \$338,443 and \$198,667 for the three and nine months period respectively, due primarily to increased corporate consulting costs to support the overall growth and corporate development activities of the Company.
- Investor and public relations expenses increased by \$68,872 for the three period to support the Company's financing activities and initiatives. The nine months period, these expenses decreased by \$147,411 primarily due to higher costs incurred in the prior period pertaining to federal and state government relations, public affairs, strategic communications, and advisory services.
- Employee salaries, bonuses, and benefits increased by \$44,628 and \$356,354 for the three and nine months period respectively, primarily attributable to salary, bonuses and benefits related to the transition of our current President & CEO from a consultant to an employee in Q2 2023.
- Non-cash stock-based compensation expense decreased by \$201,875 and \$777,982 for the three months and nine months period respectively, related to option and retention security grants to our new President & CEO and other employees and consultants in the prior comparative period, and the timing of the related vesting.
- Other G&A decreased by \$11,925 and \$115,707 for the three and nine months period respectively, primarily attributable to fees related to recruiting a new CEO in the previous period.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Sep. 30 2024	Jun. 30 2024	Mar. 31 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023	Jun. 30 2023	Mar. 31 2023	Dec. 31 2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Research & development	4,364,393	3,799,914	2,972,114	2,667,988	837,574	1,518,802	3,021,949	5,080,080
General & administrative	2,792,104	2,200,393	1,997,437	2,206,626	2,578,276	3,250,782	1,694,713	1,703,894
Net loss	(5,225,887)	(7,825,936)	(2,345,421)	(8,608,417)	(4,302,549)	(4,762,111)	(4,709,043)	(5,940,195)
Basic & diluted loss per share	(0.07)	(0.11)	(0.04)	(0.14)	(0.07)	(0.08)	(0.08)	(0.10)
Total assets	22,458,510	27,888,436	31,784,519	13,236,021	16,359,729	17,415,468	19,099,038	23,875,217
Total liabilities	13,280,363	15,399,424	12,958,265	15,245,126	11,252,538	9,856,083	9,219,717	10,414,137

Research and development expenses vary primarily based on the level of activity in the clinical development of NVG-291 and the receipt of grant payments. Costs have steadily increased in the last four quarters as we continue to progress our Phase 1b/2a clinical trial for NVG-291. Expenses in the quarters ended September 30, 2023, and June 30, 2023, were lower than previous quarters due to the timing of grant funding that offset our Phase 1b/2a clinical trial costs. Costs in the quarter ended December 31, 2022, were higher than previous quarters due to CMC work pertaining to the manufacture of NVG-291 clinical supplies for our current Phase 1b/2a clinical trial.

General and administrative expenses have progressively increased due primarily to non-cash stock-based compensation related to options and retention securities granted to our new President and CEO. General and administrative expenses have otherwise been consistent and pertain to legal and accounting fees, administrative activities related to expanding operations, developing staff, processes, and infrastructure.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Since inception, we have devoted our resources to evaluating and securing intellectual property rights and licenses related to the technology licensed from CWRU, conducting discovery research, manufacturing drug supplies, performing preclinical studies and clinical trials, and providing administrative support to research and development activities leading to the clinical development of NVG-291 and discovery of NVG-300, which has resulted in an accumulated deficit of \$93,550,269 as of September 30, 2024. With current income only consisting of interest earned on excess cash in the amount of \$243,679 for the three months ended September 30, 2024 (2023 - \$136,550) and \$641,507 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 (2023 - \$427,529), losses are expected to continue while our research and development and clinical programs are advanced.

We do not earn any revenue from our product candidates and therefore we are considered to be in the research and development stage. As required, we will continue to finance our operations through the issuance of equity and will pursue non-dilutive funding sources. The continuation of our research and development activities and the commercialization of our product candidates is dependent upon our ability to successfully finance through equity financing, grant and other non-dilutive financing and possibly revenues from strategic partners. Until our product candidates are approved and available for sale, and profitable operations are developed, the extent of our progress on our research activities and future clinical trials and the related expenses will be dependent on our ability to continue to obtain adequate financing. We have no current sources of significant revenues from strategic partners.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we received \$1,079,360 from the exercise of stock options and warrants. We also closed a bought deal financing of 9,792,250 units of the Company at a price of \$2.35 per unit, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$23,011,788. Each unit consisted of one Common Share and one-half of one Common Share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable into one Common Share at a price of \$3.00 per Common Share until March 28, 2027. The Company also paid a cash commission of \$1,090,152 to the underwriters and issued 170,127 broker warrants exercisable into one Common Share per broker warrant at a price of \$2.35 per Common Share until March 28, 2026, with a fair value of \$187,139 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Company also incurred approximately \$540,000 in other share issue costs related to legal and listing fees.

We have forecasted that our ability to operate for the ensuing 12 months is dependent on raising additional financing or if measures are taken to delay planned expenditures in our programs and slow the progress in the development of our planned next phase clinical programs. (see "Company Overview" above for description of goals). We will need to raise additional capital to fund our long-term operations and research and development plans including human clinical trials for our various drug candidates until we generate revenue that reaches a level sufficient to provide self-sustaining cash flows. While we have been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain adequate financing, or that such financing will be on terms acceptable to us to meet future operational needs which may result in the delay, reduction, or discontinuation of ongoing development programs.

The initiation of future clinical studies to evaluate NVG-291's effectiveness in human subjects after the ongoing Phase 1b/2a clinical trial, are subject to additional funding. The Phase 1b/2a clinical trial is subject to successful enrolment of the required number of study participants. The duration and cost of clinical trials can range significantly depending on a variety of factors including rate of enrollment, the country in which trials are conducted and the specific trial protocol.

The following table presents a summary of our cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, and 2023:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023
	\$	\$
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	(13,181,265)	(8,209,392)
Investing activities	33,642	(138,855)
Financing activities	22,385,111	691,516
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents	111,183	(9,314)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9,348,671	(7,666,045)

Cash used in operating activities:

Our uses of cash for operating activities for the periods ended September 30, 2024, and 2023 consisted of Phase 1 and Phase 1b/2a clinical trial costs, salaries and wages for our employees, amounts paid in connection with preclinical and clinical studies, drug manufacturing costs, and professional fees.

Cash from investing activities:

Cash generated from investing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2024 relate to the sub sublease of our of our office space. Cash expended for investing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, pertained to the acquisition of computer equipment, partially offset by funds returned for office furniture not delivered.

Cash from financing activities:

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, funds were received from the exercise of 764,000 stock options and 22,500 warrants at varying exercise prices per Common Share for total cash proceeds of \$1,079,360, partially offset by costs related to lease payments of \$75,695. We also closed a bought deal financing for aggregate gross proceeds of \$23,011,788. We paid a cash commission of \$1,090,152 to the underwriters and incurred approximately \$540,000 in other share issue costs related to legal and listing fees.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, funds were received from the exercise of 654,895 stock options and 72,428 warrants at varying exercise prices per common share for total cash proceeds of \$767,211, partially offset by costs related to lease payments of \$75,695.

CASH POSITION

At September 30, 2024, we had a cash and cash equivalents balance of \$21,008,215 compared to \$11,659,544 at December 31, 2023. The funds expended during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, for operating activities (including the effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents), of \$13,070,082 (2023 - \$8,218,706), were used to fund operating expenditures such as drug product formulation and development, salaries and benefits, and clinical costs associated with the Phase 1b/2a clinical trial. Consultants were also engaged to further develop our technologies and manufacturing and quality processes were advanced. In addition, we retained expertise to provide business and corporate development services, public relations, and investor relations services to increase awareness of the Company within the industry and to potential investors.

We invest cash in excess of current operational requirements in highly rated and liquid instruments.

Working capital (a non-GAAP measure defined as current assets less current liabilities on our Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position) as at September 30, 2024 was \$8,697,378 (September 30, 2023 - \$4,477,049). Our current liabilities include \$9,759,598 related to the non-cash warrant derivative. Given the nature of this liability, no funds would ever be expended by the Company, and it does not represent a liquidity risk. Our working capital requirements are dependent on our ability to raise equity capital or from the proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants, by obtaining business development revenue such as milestone payments from licensing agreements, by obtaining grant funding or by obtaining credit facilities. No assurance can be given that any such additional funding or revenue will be available or that, if additional funding is available, it can be obtained on terms favorable to the Company. We can also manage our spending by delaying certain development activities, however such actions may not allow us to meet our stated corporate goals.

We do not expect to generate positive cash flow from operations for the foreseeable future due to additional expenses involved in commercializing our technologies, including expenses related to drug discovery, preclinical testing, clinical trials, chemistry, manufacturing and controls, regulatory activities and operating expenses associated with supporting these activities. It is expected that negative cash flow from operations will continue until such time, if ever, that we receive regulatory approval to commercialize any of our product candidates under development and/or royalty or milestone revenue from the licensing of any such product candidates should they exceed our expenses.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

We enter into research, development and license agreements in the ordinary course of business where we receive research services and rights to proprietary technologies. These contracts are typically cancellable by the Company with notice. Milestone and royalty payments or grant funding repayments that may become due under various agreements are dependent on, among other factors, clinical trials, regulatory approvals and ultimately the successful development of a new drug, the outcome and timing of which is uncertain. In addition, we incur purchase obligations in the ordinary course of business for drug manufacturing, nonclinical toxicology, stability and other related costs that can include payments over a number of months due to the nature of these activities. We expect that these commitments will continue to increase in frequency and value as we continue to execute our business plan.

Under the exclusive worldwide licensing agreement with CWRU to research, develop and commercialize patented technologies, we have commitments to pay various annual license fees, patent costs, milestone payments and royalties on revenues, contingent on the achievement of certain development and regulatory milestones. We cannot reasonably estimate milestone payments that are contingent upon the occurrence of future events or future royalties which may be due upon the regulatory approval of products derived from licensed technologies. Pursuant to the license agreement, all the key patents for NVG-291 are owned by CWRU.

Other than as disclosed below, we did not have any contractual obligations relating to long-term debt obligations, capital (finance) lease obligations, operating lease obligations, purchase obligations or other long-term liabilities reflected on our Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position as at September 30, 2024:

Anticipated Commitments	Under 1 Year \$	1-3 Years \$	4-5 Years \$	Total \$
Patent licensing costs, minimum annual royalties per license agreements	67,495	134,990	134,990	337,475
Purchase obligations	1,962,827	-	-	1,962,827
Lease Payments	95,790	33,226	-	129,016

In addition, in June 2023, the Company was awarded a grant of up to US\$3.18 million (C\$4.22 million) to support the Company's Phase 1b/2a clinical trial in individuals with SCI. In connection with the grant, the Company agreed to pay a percentage of the Company's net annual sales revenue of NVG-291, or any derivative approved in SCI, through the provision of an unrestricted donation to the granting entity in the amount of up to the total funds received through the agreement. Any donation that may become due under the agreement is dependent on, among other factors, the successful development and sale of a new drug, the outcome and timing of which is uncertain. As at September 30, 2024, we had achieved three of the five milestones in the grant and received US\$1.92 million (C\$2.61 million). The grant funding received was recorded as a reduction of the related clinical and regulatory expenses, included in research and development expenses, in the period the milestone was received.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have no material undisclosed off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on our results of operations, financial condition, revenues or expenses, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

TRANSACTIONS WITH KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Key management personnel, consisting of the Company's executive officers (President & Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Medical Officer) and directors, received the following compensation for the following periods:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 \$	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 \$	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 \$	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 \$
Stock-based compensation	1,280,566	1,503,268	3,365,552	4,010,802
Salaries and bonuses	632,334	578,727	1,906,054	1,548,833
Consulting fees	-	-	-	93,853
	1,912,900	2,081,995	5,271,606	5,653,488

As at September 30, 2024, we had amounts owing or accrued to key management personnel of \$592,313 (December 31, 2023 - \$438,584). Of this total, \$514,150 pertained to accrued bonuses, \$64,680 to accrued vacation (both earned but unpaid and included in the table above) and \$13,483 to expense reimbursements.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES, BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Material Accounting Policies:

Accounting policies are described in note 3 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, and available on SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca).

Basis of Presentation:

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles applicable to a going concern using the historical cost basis.

The Company is in pre-revenue stage and no revenues are expected in the foreseeable future. Our future operations are dependent on the success of our ongoing development, as well as our ability to secure additional financing as needed. We have forecasted that our ability to operate for the ensuing 12 months is dependent on raising additional financing or if measures are taken to delay planned expenditures in our programs and slow the progress in the development of our planned next phase clinical programs. We will need to raise additional capital to fund our long-term operations and research and development plans including human clinical trials for our various drug candidates until we generate revenue that reaches a level sufficient to provide self-sustaining cash flows. While we have been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain adequate financing, or that such financing will be on terms acceptable to us, to meet future operational needs which may result in the delay, reduction, or discontinuation of ongoing development programs.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not reflect the adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and settle its liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those in the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Such amounts could be material.

Critical Accounting Estimates:

Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgement based on various assumptions and other factors such as historical experience and current and expected economic conditions. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that we have made at the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position date, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities include:

Intangible assets

We estimate the useful lives of intangible assets from the date they are available for use in the manner intended by management and periodically reviews the useful lives to reflect our intent about developing and commercializing the assets.

Government Assistance

Management considers the reasonableness of whether we have met the requirements of the approved government assistance and whether there is reasonable assurance that the amount will be received. Government assistance can be subject to audits so the amounts received may differ from the amounts recorded.

Warrant derivative

We estimate fair value of the warrant derivative at initial measurement, at each exercise date and at each reporting period. This estimate requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life, share price volatility, and dividend yield, and making assumptions about them.

Valuation of stock-based compensation and warrants

We measure the costs for stock-based compensation and warrants using market-based option valuation techniques. Assumptions are made and estimates are used in applying the valuation techniques. These include estimating the future volatility of the share price, expected dividend yield, expected risk-free interest rate, future employee turnover rates, and expected term. Such estimates and assumptions are inherently uncertain. Changes in these assumptions affect the fair value estimates of stock-based compensation and warrants.

Functional currency

We consider the determination of the functional currency of the Company a significant judgment. We have used our judgment to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions and considered various factors including the currency of historical and future expenditures and the currency in which funds from financing activities are generated. A Company's functional currency is only changed when there is a material change in the underlying transactions, events and conditions.

Deferred taxes

The determination of deferred income tax assets or liabilities requires subjective assumptions regarding future income tax rates and the likelihood of utilizing tax carry-forwards. Changes in these assumptions could materially affect the recorded amounts, and therefore do not necessarily provide certainty as to their recorded values.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Fair value

Financial instruments are classified into one of the following categories: fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"); fair value through other comprehensive income; or amortized cost. The carrying values of our financial instruments are classified into the following categories:

Financial Instrument	Category	September 30, 2024 \$	December 31, 2023 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	FVTPL	21,008,215	11,659,544
Accounts receivable	Amortized cost	6,437	250,209
Warrant derivative	FVTPL	9,759,598	11,726,728
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost	3,391,749	3,321,208

Our financial instruments, recorded at fair value, require disclosure about how the fair value was determined based on significant levels of inputs described in the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and value to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1. Prices in Level 2 are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations are based on inputs including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the marketplace.
- Level 3 - Valuations in this level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value using Level 1 as the basis for measurement in the fair value. The recorded amounts for accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature. In July 2022, we issued Common Share purchase warrants with an exercise price denominated in a currency that differs from our functional currency, which were treated as a derivative measured at fair value with subsequent changes in fair value accounted for through the condensed consolidated interim statements of loss and comprehensive loss. The fair value of our warrant derivative recognized on the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position is based on level 2 inputs (significant observable inputs) as these warrants have not been listed on an exchange and therefore do not trade on an active market. As at September 30, 2024, the fair value of our non-cash warrant derivative was \$9,759,598 (December 31, 2023 - \$11,726,728). We use the Black-Scholes valuation model to estimate fair value. The expected volatility is based on the Company's common share historical volatility, the risk-free interest rate is based on Bank of Canada benchmark treasury yield rates and the expected life represents the estimated length of time the warrants are expected to remain outstanding.

(b) Financial risk management

Our risk exposures and the impact on our consolidated financial instruments are summarized below. Our Board has the overall responsibility for the oversight of these risks and reviews our policies on an ongoing basis to ensure that these risks are appropriately managed.

i. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that we will not have the resources to meet our obligations as they fall due. We manage this risk by closely monitoring cash forecasts and managing resources to ensure that we will have sufficient liquidity to meet our obligations. All of our financial liabilities other than the portion of our lease liability that is due beyond one year are classified as current and the majority, other than the non-cash warrant derivative, are anticipated to mature within the next ninety days. We are exposed to liquidity risk other than for the warrant derivative which is non-cash.

ii. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Our credit risk is primarily attributable to our liquid financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, receivables, deposits, net investment in lease, and balances receivable from the government. We limit the exposure to credit risk in our cash and cash equivalents by only holding our cash and cash equivalents with high-credit quality financial institutions in business and/or savings accounts.

iii. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and equity prices. These fluctuations may be significant.

(a) Interest Rate Risk: Management has determined that we are not exposed to any significant interest rate risks.

(b) Foreign Currency Risk: We have identified our functional currency as the Canadian dollar. Transactions are transacted in Canadian dollars, U.S. dollars and in Australian dollars. Fluctuations in the U.S. or Australian dollar exchange rate could have a significant impact on the Company's results. Assuming all other variables remain constant, a 10% depreciation or appreciation of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar would result in an increase or decrease in loss and comprehensive loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, of \$245,000 (September 30, 2023 - \$779,000). A 10% depreciation or appreciation of the Canadian dollar against the Australian dollar would result in an increase or decrease in loss and comprehensive loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, of \$111,000 (September 30, 2023 - \$79,000).

In the near-term, we mitigate overall currency risk through of the use of U.S. dollar denominated cash balances to pay forecasted U.S. denominated expenses. In the long-term, we are exposed to net currency risk from employee costs as well as the purchase of goods and services in the United States and Australia.

Balances in U.S. dollars are as follows:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(US\$)	(US\$)
Cash	2,515,271	4,715,776
Vendor deposits	438,251	264,827
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,141,725)	(1,049,575)
	1,811,797	3,931,028

Balances in Australian dollars are as follows:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(AUD\$)	(AUD\$)
Cash	245,520	474,543
Accounts receivable	1,425	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,431,468)	(1,425,997)
	(1,184,523)	(951,454)

(c) Managing capital

Our objectives, when managing capital, are to safeguard cash and cash equivalents as well as maintain financial liquidity and flexibility in order to preserve our ability to meet financial obligations and deploy capital to grow our businesses.

Our financial strategy is designed to maintain a flexible capital structure consistent with the objectives stated above and to respond to business growth opportunities and changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust our capital structure we may issue shares or issue debt (secured, unsecured, convertible and/or other types of available debt instruments).

On November 4, 2024, the Company filed a preliminary short form base shelf prospectus (the "Base Shelf") that , pending final approval from each of the securities regulatory authorities in Canada, qualifies for distribution of up to US\$100,000,000 of common shares, debt securities, subscription receipts, warrants and units comprised of one or more of the other securities described. The Base Shelf renews our previous base shelf that expired on September 12, 2024 and may also be multijurisdictional upon further approval by U.S. securities regulators. Under our Base Shelf, we may sell securities to or through underwriters, dealers, placement agents, or other intermediaries, and also may sell securities directly to purchasers or through agents. The distribution of securities may be effected from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be subject to change, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, or at prices related to such prevailing market prices to be negotiated with purchasers and as set forth in an accompanying prospectus supplement.

Renewing our Base Shelf provides us with additional flexibility when managing our cash resources as, under certain circumstances, it shortens the time period required to close a financing and is expected to increase the number of potential investors that may be prepared to invest in our company. Our renewed Base Shelf will be effective for 25 months from the date of final approval.

There were no changes to our capital management policy during the period. We are not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table provides an update on the use of net proceeds raised in the 2024 bought deal financing as disclosed in the Company's Prospectus Supplement dated March 25, 2024, along with amounts actually expended (in millions of Canadian dollars):

Principal Purposes	Estimated Amount to be Expended	Actual Amount Expended	Remaining Amount to be Expended
Outsourcing Phase 1b/2a clinical trial in SCI	6.8	3.9	2.9
Research and development activities to support NVG-291 clinical studies and preclinical activities in other indications	6.7	3.6	3.1
General and administrative costs	5.1	2.6	2.5
General corporate purposes	0.1	-	0.1
Balance September 30, 2024	18.7	10.1	8.6

The use of net proceeds from previous financings disclosed in the Company's Prospectus Supplement dated March 25, 2024, have been substantially expended as planned.

DISCLOSURE OF OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

The following details the share capital structure as of the date of this MD&A:

	Common Shares Issued and Outstanding	Warrants Issued and Outstanding	Common Share Purchase Options	Retention Securities
Balance December 31, 2023	59,606,399	5,075,000	10,545,500	590,000
Balance June 30, 2024	70,042,649	10,141,250	11,505,700	590,000
Balance September 30, 2024	70,185,149	10,118,750	11,665,700	590,000
Balance November 13, 2024	70,308,149	10,118,750	11,542,700	590,000

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's certifying officers, based on their knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, are also responsible to ensure that these filings do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by these filings, and these condensed consolidated interim financial statements together with the other financial information included in these filings. The Board approved the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and MD&A and ensures that management has discharged its financial responsibilities.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

An investment in the Common Shares of NervGen involves a high degree of risk and should be considered speculative. An investment in the Common Shares should only be undertaken by those persons who can afford the total loss of their investment. Investors should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" found in the AIF and preliminary Base Shelf Prospectus dated November 4, 2024 filed on SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca), as well as other information described elsewhere in this MD&A. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we believe to be immaterial may also adversely affect our business. If any such risks occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be seriously harmed, and you could lose all or part of your investment. Further, if we fail to meet the expectations of the public market in any given period, the market price of our Common Shares could decline. We operate in a highly competitive environment that involves significant risks and uncertainties, some of which are outside of our control.

OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's most recently filed AIF, is available for viewing on our website at www.nervgen.com and under our profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.